The Essential Guide to 80/20
FOR MANUFACTURERS

## An 80/20 Overview

## The Origin Of 80/20

- 80/20 was discovered in the early 1900's
- Italian Economist - Vilfredo Pareto
- Pareto Principle - The Law of Imbalance
- Early 1980's - ITW applied the process to business


## Nichols Pyramids

CUSTOMERS


## 80/20 Key To Success

## TREAT THEM DIFFERENTLY



FAIRLY - NOT EQUALLY

## Quartile Analysis: Customers

How well are we serving them?


## Quartiles Example

## CUSTOMERS

| Customer Range | Percentage of Sales | Sales Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-350 | 93.7\% | $\begin{array}{rr} \$ 16,471,467 \\ 75,757 \end{array}$ |
| 351-700 | 4.7\% | 17,448 2 |
| 701-1,050 | 1.2\% | 4,904 3 |
| 1,051-1,400 | 0.3\% | $67 \quad 4$ |
| 24 (2\%) are $50 \%$ of Sales, worth $\$ 2,431,995$ or more. <br> 117 (8\%) are 80\% of Sales, worth $\$ 369,454$ or more. <br> Bottom 50\% of Customers worth only $1.5 \%$ of Sales! <br> Excludes 10 customers w/ 0 or lower sales worth -\$99,007. |  |  |

## PRODUCTS

| Product Range | Percentage of Sales | Sales Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-877 | 89.8\% | $\begin{array}{rr} \$ 14,595,894 \\ 42,750 & 1 \end{array}$ |
| 878-1,754 | 7.4\% | 12,026 2 |
| 1,755-2,631 | 2.3\% | 3,663 3 |
| 2,632-3,509 | 0.5\% | 7.95 4 |
| $>90(3 \%)$ are $50 \%$ of Sales, worth $\$ 555,124$ or more. <br> $>460(13 \%)$ are $80 \%$ of Sales, worth $\$ 103,668$ or more. <br> > Bottom 50\% of Products worth only $2.8 \%$ of Sales! <br> > Excludes 21 products w/ 0 or lower sales worth $-\$ 123,502$. |  |  |

## Quartile by Customer and Product



## Quadrant: Customers and Products

A : 80's (Customers and Products that yield $80 \%$ of revenue)
B : 20's (Customers and Products that yield 20\% of revenue)

PRODUCTS

|  | A | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { QUAD } 1 \text { - AA } \\ & \text { The Fort } \end{aligned}$ | QUAD 2 - AB <br> Necessary Evil |
| $\begin{array}{ll} & \\ \\ \text { の }\end{array}$ | Long-Run, Standard, Big $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sales \% = 64\% } \\ & \text { Effort/OH\% }=25 \% \end{aligned}$ | Short-Run, Special, Big $\begin{gathered} \text { Sales \% = 16\% } \\ \text { Effort/OH\% = } 25 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{0} \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | QUAD 3 - BA <br> Transactional <br> Long-Run, Standard, Small <br> Sales \% = 16\% <br> Effort/OH\% = 25\% | QUAD 4 - BB C.R.A.P <br> Short-Run, Special, Small $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sales \% = 4\% } \\ & \text { Effort/OH\% = 25\% } \end{aligned}$ |

## Quad Example

## Products

|  |  | A = 933 Products | $B=13,277$ Products |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ```1 Sales =$55,823,554 Sales % = 66.1% Material Margin =$32,486,864 Material Margin % = 58.2% Customers = 31 Products = 826``` | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{2} \\ \text { Sales }=\$ 11,883,926 \\ \text { Sales } \%=14.1 \% \\ \text { Material Margin }=\$ 7,782,514 \\ \text { Material Margin } \%=65.5 \% \\ \text { Customers }=31 \\ \text { Products }=10,292 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | ```3 Sales = $11,747,586 Sales % = 13.9% Material Margin = $7,086,042 Material Margin % = 60.3% Customers = 273 Products = 486``` | 4 <br> Sales $=\$ 4,996,618$ <br> Sales \% = 5.9\% <br> Material Margin $=\$ 3,158,432$ <br> Material Margin $\%=63.2 \%$ <br> Customers $=300$ <br> Products $=3,963$ |

- There were 2,985 ' B ' Products that were only purchased by 'B' Customers.
- There were 71 ' B ' Customers that only purchased 'B' Products.

Sales for Full Year 2020 were $\$ 84,451,685$ with a Material Margin of $\$ 50,513,852$ or $59.8 \%$.

The Magic Formula

## The Magic Formula



## The Magic Formula Inventory

- 

BEFORE 80/20: 4 MONTHS ON HAND

$$
A=.8(4)+.2(4)=3.2+.8=4
$$

AFTER INITIAL 80/20:

$$
A=.8(1)+.2(8)=0.8+1.6=2.4
$$

The Critical Few

## $A$

(ANYTHING)


The Insignificant Many .2y

## Accounts Receivable



## The Magic Formula - A/R

Company xyz is a \$20MM company with 65 days of DSO despite having 30-day terms.
By the Magic Formula, here is how it gets to 65 days.

$$
A=.8(65)+.2(65)=52+13=65
$$

Now let's apply the Magic Formula, focusing ONLY on getting the 80s within their 30 -day agreed terms, while letting the 20 s go ANOTHER month..

```
A = .8(30) +.2(95) = 24+19=43
```


## A

(ANYTHING)

The Critical Few
The Insignificant Many


## 80/20 Impact on Lean: Simplify First

First Pass Yield = How many times you do something without errors, all the way through, the first time


## Ask An Expert

## Strategex

## Thank You

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